

AC / DC Sensing Current Sensor with Digital Data output

Feature:

- Small package with digital current output
- Operating voltage DC5.0V
- Temperature compensation
- Diameter 9.0mm conductor through hole
- Sensing current range:

AC: 0~35A (50Hz, 60Hz)

DC: 0~±50A

High accuracy:

AC: $(0~16A) \pm 0.32A$

 $(16~35A) \pm 2\%$

DC: $\pm (0 \sim 16A) \pm 0.32A$

 $\pm(16\sim50A) \pm 2\%$

Resolution: 148mA

UART digital data output, Baud Rare: 9600 bps

Isolation voltage 4KV

Application note: http://www.winson.com.tw/Product/83



DWCS1700 is a AC/DC current sensor with calibrated digital signal output. It applies exclusive digital signal collecting technique and allows for easy implementation without breaking original system. Typical applications include load detection and management, over-current fault detection and any intelligent power management system etc...

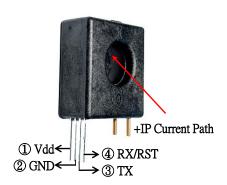
The DWCS1700 consists of a precise, low-temperature drift linear hall sensor IC with temperature compensation circuit, temperature sensor, digital signal processor and through-hole mechanism with a diameter of 9.0mm etc.

All the sensors on DWCS1700 are temperature compensated and calibrated with accurate calibration instrument. The UART interface directly transmits digital current signals, making system integration simple and fast. Small size, low consumption and the terminals of the conductive path are electrically isolated from the sensor leads enable DWCS1700 to be suited in all kinds of harsh application occasions.





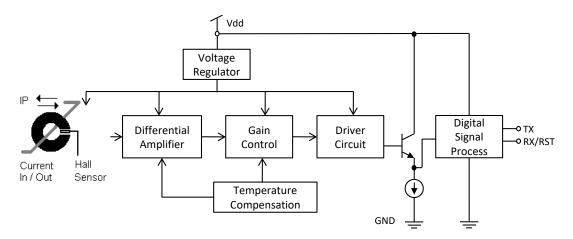




Absolute Maximum Range

Supply Voltage, Vdd 6V
Pass Through Wire Diameter 9.0mm
Basic Isolation Voltage 4000V
Operating Temperature Range, Ta
Storage Temperature Range, Ts

Note: Stresses above those listed may cause permanent damage to the devices



Functional Block Diagram

Selection Guide:

Model	Maximum Current		Operating	Eroguenov	Mode	
Wodei	AC	DC	Voltage Frequency		Wode	
DWCS1700-AC50C	35A	-	5.0V	50Hz/60Hz	Continuous	
DWCS1700-DC50C	-	50A	5.0V	DC	Continuous	
DWCS1700-50C	35A	50A	5.0V	50Hz/60Hz,DC	Professional	
DVVC31700-50C	SSA	SUA	5.07	30HZ/60HZ,DC	(AT+Command)	

Note:

Continuous Mode: UART Interface, continuous transmission, external reset method (RST pull low to GND).

Professional Mode: UART interface, command transmission, internal reset method (RX received command).

Pad Description:

Pad No	Pad Name	1/0	Description
1	VDD	=	The positive power input pin
2	GND	-	The system ground



DWCS1700

3 TX		0	The current data output, UART interface, baud rate
3	1.7	O	9600 bits/sec
4	4 DY/DOT 1		RST(Continuous): External Reset,
4 RX/RST		I	RX(Professional): Internal UART Reset

Electrical Characteristics: Common Operating Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
VDD	Operation Voltage	-	4.9	5	5.1	V
IDD	Operation Current	VDD = 5.000V		6	12	mA
-	Conductor Through Hole	-	-	9	-	mm ²
Тор	Operating Temperature	-	-20	-	70	,C
A _{CC}	Internal Temperature Accuracy	VDD = 5.000V	-	-	5	°C

-AC50C VDD = 5.000V

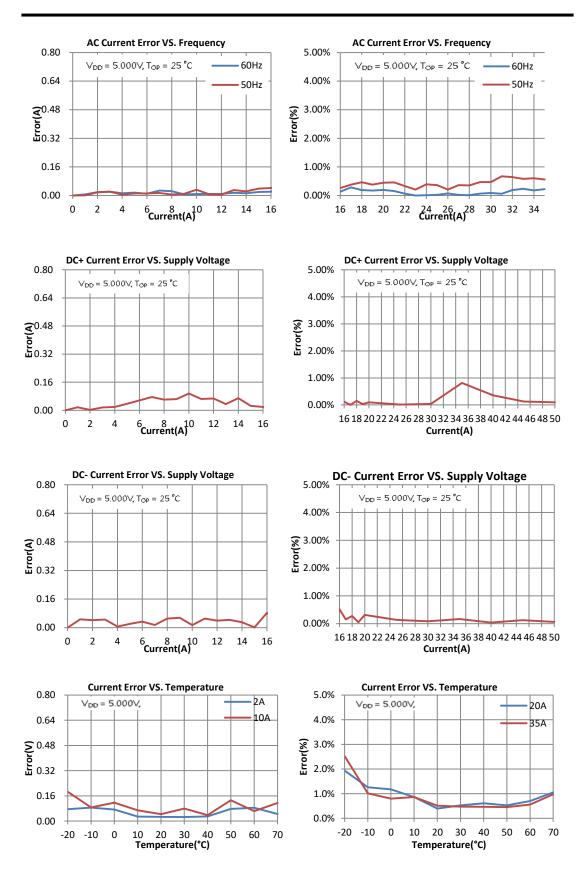
Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
ЮР	Current Range	-	0	-	35	Α
		I _{OP} = 0~16A, T _{op} = 25 °C	_	±0.32	-	А
Етот	Current Output Error	$T_{op} = 25^{\circ}C$	-			
		I _{OP} = 16~35A,		. 0		0/
		$I_{OP} = 16 \sim 35A,$ $T_{op} = 25^{\circ}C$	-	±2	-	%
		I _{OP} = 0~35A,		±5	-	%
		I _{OP} = 0~35A, -20°C< T _{op} <70°C	-			

-DC50C $V_{DD} = 5.000V$

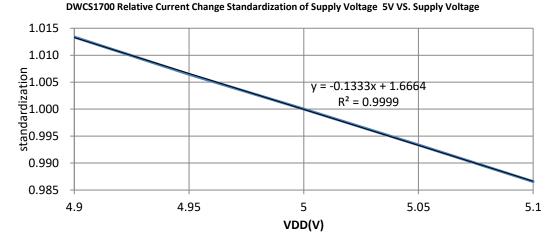
Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
ЮР	Current Range	-	0	-	50	Α
		I _{OP} =0~16A,	- ±0.32	0.00		^
Етот		$I_{OP}=0\sim16A,$ $T_{op}=25^{\circ}C$		-	Α	
	Current Output Error	I _{OP} =16~50A,	- ±2	. 0		0/
		$I_{OP} = 16 \sim 50 A,$ $T_{op} = 25 ^{\circ} C$		-	%	
		I _{OP} =0~50A,		±5	-	0/
		I _{OP} =0~50A, -20°C< T _{op} <70°C				%











Application Note:

(1) Operating Mode:

- (1.1) Continuous mode: Continuously transmit current data. Reset need to pull low the RST pin to GND.
- (1.2) Professional mode: Measure current data and reset according to the command, RX received command and please refer to the commands_{< Table}

(2) Measurement Method:

- (2.1) AC measurement: After power-on, the sensor will automatically reset the current value when no current passes through the sensor and the current value can be also manually reset to zero. Data update rate is 2 Data /sec.
- (2.2) DC measurement: After power-on, the current value must be manually reset to zero when no current passes through the sensor. Data update rate is 10 Data /sec.
- (2.3) When measuring DC current, the sensor will generate an amount of remanence. If this remanence cause reading error, please re-reset it.
- (2.4) The proper use of reset function will make the measurement more accurate.

(3) Measured Current Data Output:

The measured current can be transmitted by UART format.

- (3.1) If the measured data is AC "1.23"A, then the output data is '~', '1', '.', '2', '3', '0', '\r', '\n', total of 8 bytes; the output data is ASCII code. If the measured data is "10.45" A, then the output data is '~', '1', '0', '.', '4, '5, '\r', '\n', total of 8 bytes.
- (3.2) If the measured data is +DC "1.23"A, then the output data is '+', '1', '.', '2', '3', '0', '\r', '\n', total of 8 bytes; the output data is ASCII code.
- (3.3) If the measured data is -DC "1.23"A, then the output data is '-', '1', '.', '2', '3', '0', '\r', '\n', total of 8 bytes; the output data is ASCII code.



Measured Current Data Output:

In order to calculate true RMS of AC current, you need to know "zero" value of AC current first. The "zero" value of symmetric AC current is the average value *Vo*(dc) of the current shown in Figure 1.

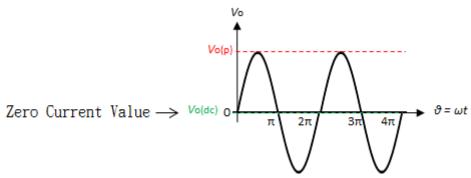


Figure 1 The zero current value of sine waveform

But in asymmetrical AC current, the "zero" value is not the average value Vo(dc) of the current. Based on this "zero" value and do RMS calculation. You will get wrong answer.

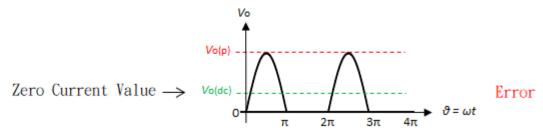


Figure 2 The zero current value of the asymmetric waveform (Error)

The DWCS1700 offers a true RMS solution for both symmetric and asymmetric AC current. It can correctly detect "zero" current value, shown in Figure 3. and do perfect RMS calculation.

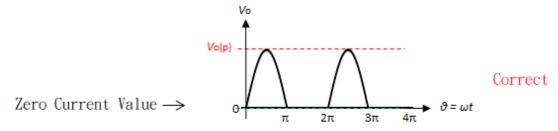
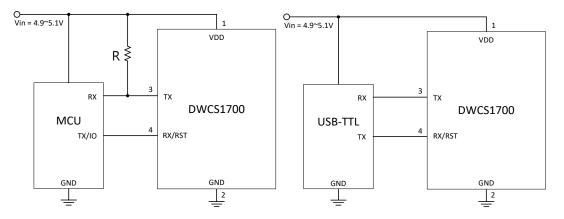


Figure 3 The zero current value of the asymmetric waveform (Correct)





(4) Application Diagram:

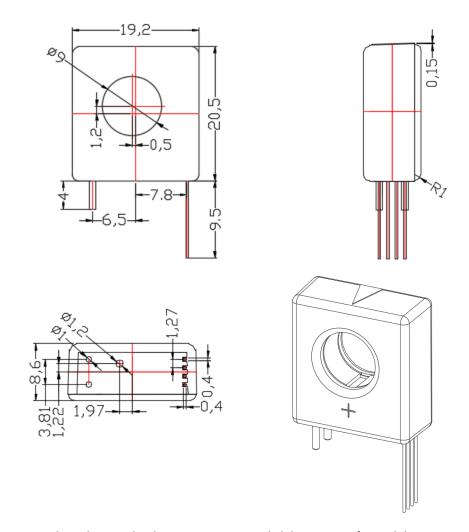


App. 1 Connect to MCU

App. 2. Connect to USB-TTL

(DWCS1700 TX needs open drain with external pullup resistors)

Package: (Units: mm)





DWCS1700

Table 1

Setting Command	Command	Example	Return Parameter	
Reset Current	$AT+RST\r\n$	$"AT + RST \backslash r \backslash n"$	"OK\r\n"(1)	
0. DC 1. AC	AT CUDD r r	$"AT+CURR,0 \ \ "$	"OK\r\n" ₍₁₎	
0: DC 1: AC (2)	$AT+CURR\r\n$	$"AT + CURR, 1 \ r \ "$	OK/1/II (1)	
Measure Current (2)	$AT+MEAS\r\n$	$"AT + MEAS \backslash r \backslash n"$	<current></current>	
Measure	AT+TEMP\r\n	"AT+TEMP\r\n"	Tomporotura	
Temperature (2)			<temperature></temperature>	

- 1. Command is error: return "Err\r\n" •
- 2. It is only applicable to the professional version, and it is prohibited to use it in continuous mode.