# P-Channel 20 V (D-S) MOSFET

| PRODUCT SUMMARY     |                                   |                                 |                       |  |  |  |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| V <sub>DS</sub> (V) | $R_{DS(on)}(\Omega)$              | I <sub>D</sub> (A) <sup>c</sup> | Q <sub>g</sub> (Typ.) |  |  |  |
| - 20                | 0.66 at V <sub>GS</sub> = - 4.5 V | - 0.8                           | 0.75 nC               |  |  |  |
| - 20                | 1.60 at V <sub>GS</sub> = - 2.5 V | - 0.55                          | 0.73110               |  |  |  |

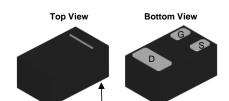
#### **FEATURES**

- DT-Trench Power MOSFET
- 100 % R<sub>g</sub> Tested
  Compliant to RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC
- Gate-Source ESD Protected

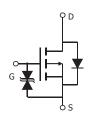


## **APPLICATIONS**

· Load Switch



**DFN 1006** 



P-Channel MOSFET

| <b>ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS</b> (                  | $\Gamma_A = 25  ^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless oth | erwise noted)                     |                        |    |  |
|----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|----|--|
| Parameter                                          | Symbol                                         | Limit                             | Unit                   |    |  |
| Drain-Source Voltage                               |                                                | V <sub>DS</sub>                   | - 20                   | V  |  |
| Gate-Source Voltage                                |                                                | V <sub>GS</sub>                   | ± 12                   |    |  |
|                                                    | T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C                         |                                   | - 0.8                  |    |  |
| Continuous Drain Current (T <sub>J</sub> = 150 °C) | T <sub>C</sub> = 70 °C                         | ] _ [                             | - 0.5                  |    |  |
| Continuous Diain Curient (1) = 130 C)              | T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C                         | l <sub>D</sub>                    | - 0.3 <sup>a, b</sup>  | A  |  |
|                                                    | T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C                         |                                   | - 0.15 <sup>a, b</sup> |    |  |
| Pulsed Drain Current                               | I <sub>DM</sub>                                | - 3                               | 1                      |    |  |
| Ocaliana Ocana Basis Biodo Ocana                   | T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C                         | l <sub>a</sub>                    | - 0.8                  |    |  |
| Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current              | T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C                         | I <sub>S</sub>                    | - 0.3                  |    |  |
|                                                    | T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C                         |                                   | 0.95                   | w  |  |
| Maximum Davier Dissination                         | T <sub>C</sub> = 70 °C                         | P <sub>D</sub>                    | 0.61                   |    |  |
| Maximum Power Dissipation                          | T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C                         | ] 'b [                            | 0.3 <sup>a, b</sup>    |    |  |
|                                                    | T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C                         |                                   | 0.19 <sup>a, b</sup>   |    |  |
| Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range   |                                                | T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub> | - 50 to 150            | °C |  |
| Soldering Recommendations (Peak Temperature)       |                                                | 260                               | ] [                    |    |  |

### Notes:

- a. Surface mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board.
- b. t = 10 s.
- c. Based on  $T_C = 25$  °C.



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| THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS                  |              |                   |         |         |       |  |  |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------|---------|-------|--|--|
| Parameter                                   |              | Symbol            | Typical | Maximum | Unit  |  |  |
| Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>a, b</sup> | t ≤ 10 s     | R <sub>thJA</sub> | 250     | 500     | °C/W  |  |  |
| Maximum Junction-to-Foot (Drain)            | Steady State | R <sub>thJF</sub> | 225     | 670     | 0/ ** |  |  |

#### Notes:

- a. Surface mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board.
- b. Maximum under steady state conditions is 360 °C/W.

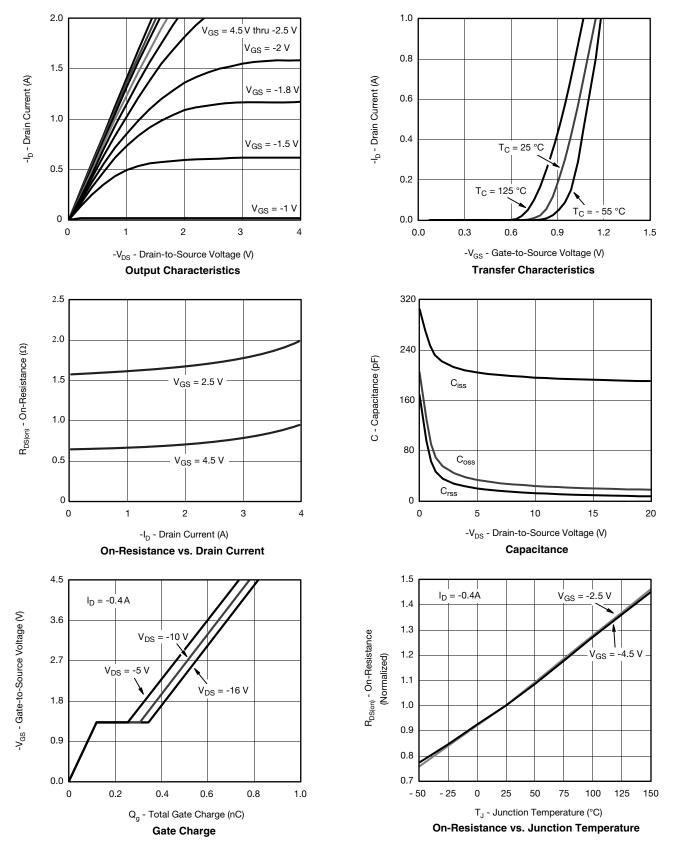
| Parameter                                     | Symbol                                                                            | Test Conditions                                                           | Min.  | Тур.  | Max.  | Unit  |  |
|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| Static                                        |                                                                                   |                                                                           |       |       |       |       |  |
| Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage                | V <sub>DS</sub>                                                                   | V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, I <sub>D</sub> = - 250 μA                          | - 20  |       |       | V     |  |
| V <sub>DS</sub> Temperature Coefficient       | $\Delta V_{DS}/T_{J}$                                                             | J 050 A                                                                   |       | - 14  |       | \/\0C |  |
| V <sub>GS(th)</sub> Temperature Coefficient   | $\Delta V_{GS(th)}/T_J$                                                           | I <sub>D</sub> = - 250 μA                                                 |       | 2.4   |       | mV/°C |  |
| Gate-Source Threshold Voltage                 | V <sub>GS(th)</sub>                                                               | V <sub>DS</sub> = V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> = - 250 μA             | - 0.4 |       | - 1.0 | V     |  |
| Gate-Source Leakage                           | I <sub>GSS</sub>                                                                  | $V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = \pm 12 \text{ V}$                         |       |       | ± 100 | nA    |  |
| Zava Cata Valtaga Drain Current               |                                                                                   | V <sub>DS</sub> = - 20 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V                           |       |       | - 1   | μΑ    |  |
| Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current               | IDSS                                                                              | V <sub>DS</sub> = - 20 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, T <sub>J</sub> = 55 °C   |       |       | - 10  |       |  |
| On-State Drain Current <sup>a</sup>           | I <sub>D(on)</sub>                                                                | $V_{DS} \le -5 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = -4.5 \text{ V}$                        | - 0.8 |       |       | Α     |  |
| Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>a</sup> |                                                                                   | V <sub>GS</sub> = - 4.5 V, I <sub>D</sub> = - 0.4 A                       |       | 0.66  | 0.85  | Ω     |  |
| Drain-Source On-State Resistance              | $R_{DS(on)}$                                                                      | V <sub>GS</sub> = - 2.5 V, I <sub>D</sub> = - 0.2 A                       |       | 1.60  | 2.0   |       |  |
| Forward Transconductance <sup>a</sup>         | 9 <sub>fs</sub>                                                                   | $V_{DS} = -5 \text{ V}, I_{D} = -0.4 \text{ A}$                           |       | 1     |       | S     |  |
| Dynamic <sup>b</sup>                          |                                                                                   |                                                                           |       |       |       |       |  |
| Input Capacitance                             | C <sub>iss</sub>                                                                  |                                                                           |       | 192   |       |       |  |
| Output Capacitance                            | C <sub>oss</sub>                                                                  | V <sub>DS</sub> = - 10 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, f = 1 MHz                |       | 27    |       | pF    |  |
| Reverse Transfer Capacitance                  | C <sub>rss</sub>                                                                  |                                                                           |       | 14    |       | 1     |  |
| Total Gate Charge                             | $Q_{g}$                                                                           |                                                                           |       | 0.75  |       | nC    |  |
| Gate-Source Charge                            | Q <sub>gs</sub>                                                                   | $V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = -4.5 \text{ V}, I_{D} = -0.4 \text{ A}$ |       | 0.2   |       |       |  |
| Gate-Drain Charge                             | Q <sub>gd</sub>                                                                   |                                                                           |       | 0.3   |       |       |  |
| Gate Resistance                               | R <sub>g</sub>                                                                    | f = 1 MHz                                                                 |       | 43    |       | Ω     |  |
| Turn-On Delay Time                            | t <sub>d(on)</sub>                                                                |                                                                           |       | 12    |       |       |  |
| Rise Time                                     | t <sub>r</sub>                                                                    | $V_{DD} = -10 \text{ V}, R_{L} = 9.1 \Omega$                              |       | 8     |       | ]     |  |
| Turn-Off DelayTime                            | $t_{d(off)}$ $I_D \cong -0.4 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = -4.5 \text{ V}, R_g = 1 \Omega$ |                                                                           |       | 23    |       | ns    |  |
| Fall Time                                     | t <sub>f</sub>                                                                    |                                                                           |       | 9     |       | 1     |  |
| <b>Drain-Source Body Diode Characterist</b>   | ics                                                                               |                                                                           |       |       |       |       |  |
| Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current         | I <sub>S</sub>                                                                    | T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C                                                    |       |       | - 0.8 | Α     |  |
| Pulse Diode Forward Current <sup>a</sup>      | I <sub>SM</sub>                                                                   |                                                                           |       |       | - 3   | ] ^   |  |
| Body Diode Voltage                            | V <sub>SD</sub>                                                                   | I <sub>F</sub> = - 0.7 A                                                  |       | - 0.8 | - 1.2 | V     |  |
| Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time              | t <sub>rr</sub>                                                                   |                                                                           |       | 18    |       | ns    |  |
| Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge            | Q <sub>rr</sub>                                                                   | r I <sub>F</sub> = - 0.7 A, dI/dt = 100 A/μs, T <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C      |       | 7     |       | nC    |  |
| Reverse Recovery Fall Time                    | t <sub>a</sub>                                                                    |                                                                           |       | 7     |       |       |  |
| Reverse Recovery Rise Time                    | t <sub>b</sub>                                                                    |                                                                           |       | 11    |       | ns    |  |

#### Notes

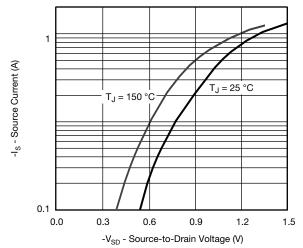
- a. Pulse test; pulse width  $\leq$  300  $\mu$ s, duty cycle  $\leq$  2 %.
- b. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

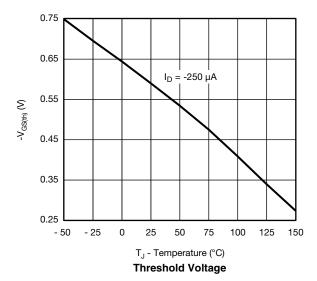


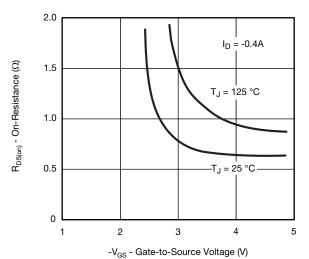




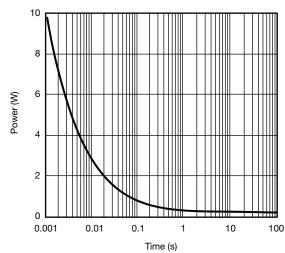


#### Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

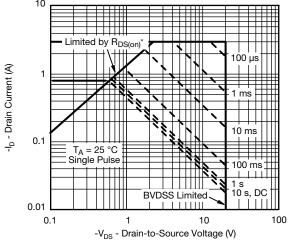




On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



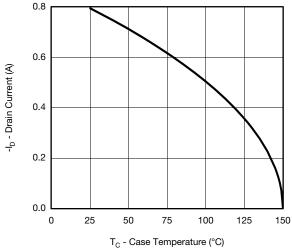
Single Pulse Power, Junction-to-Ambient



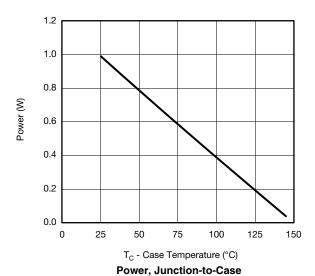
 $^{\star}\,V_{GS}\,{>}\,$  minimum  $V_{GS}$  at which  $R_{DS(on)}$  is specified

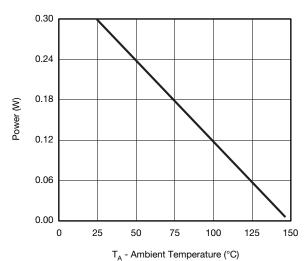
Safe Operating Area, Junction-to-Ambient





**Current Derating\*** 

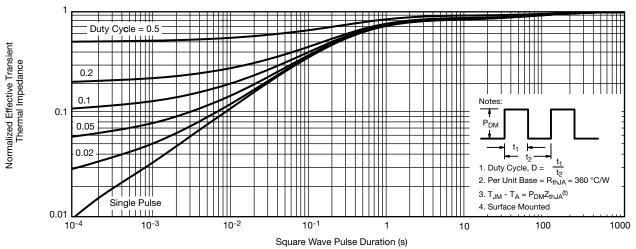




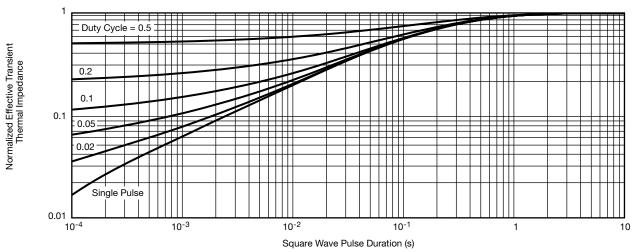
Power, Junction-to-Ambient

<sup>\*</sup> The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(max)} = 150$  °C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in settling the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used. It is used to determine the current rating, when this rating falls below the package limit.





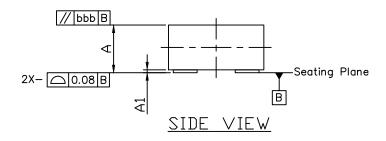
Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient

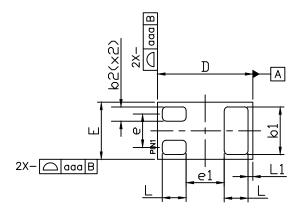


Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Foot

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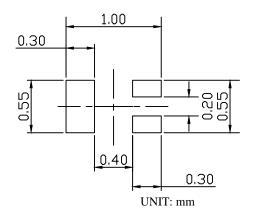
# DFN1.0x0.6\_3L\_EP1\_S PACKAGE OUTLINE





BOTTOM VIEW

#### RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN



| SYMBOLS | DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS |      |      | DIMENSIONS IN INCHES |       |       |  |
|---------|---------------------------|------|------|----------------------|-------|-------|--|
| STEEDLS | MIN                       | NDM  | MAX  | MIN                  | NDM   | MAX   |  |
| Α       | 0.47                      | 0.52 | 0.55 | 0.019                | 0.020 | 0.022 |  |
| A1      | 0.00                      | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.000                | 0.001 | 0.002 |  |
| b1      | 0.45                      | 0.50 | 0.55 | 0.018                | 0.020 | 0.022 |  |
| b2      | 0.10                      | 0.15 | 0.20 | 0.004                | 0.006 | 0.008 |  |
| D       | 0.95                      | 1.00 | 1.05 | 0.037                | 0.039 | 0.041 |  |
| E       | 0.55                      | 0.60 | 0.65 | 0.022                | 0.024 | 0.026 |  |
| e       |                           | 0.35 |      |                      | 0.014 |       |  |
| e1      |                           | 0.40 |      |                      | 0.016 |       |  |
| L       | 0.20                      | 0.25 | 0.30 | 0.008                | 0.010 | 0.012 |  |
| L1      |                           | 0.05 |      |                      | 0.002 |       |  |
| aaa     | 0.15                      |      |      | 0.006                |       |       |  |
| bbb     | 0.05                      |      |      | 0.002                |       |       |  |

#### **NOTE**

- 1. ALL DIMENSION ARE IN MILLIMETERS.ANGLES ARE IN DEGREES.
- 2. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED HEAT SINK SLUG AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.





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